

[CONFIDENTIAL.]

SELECTIONS

FROM THE

VERNACULAR NEWSPAPERS

PUBLISHED IN THE PANJAB,

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES, OUDH,

CENTRAL PROVINCES, CENTRAL INDIA, AND RAJPUTANA,

Received up to 13th June, 1887.

POLITICAL.

The *Oudh Akhbār* (Lucknow), of the 10th June, advertising
Mahārāja Dalip Singh. to Mahārāja Dalip Singh's going over
to Russia, says that it is difficult to
predict whether the measure will do harm to the British
Government or not. There can, however, scarcely be
two opinions that the Mahārāja will not benefit by the foolish
step he has taken. Indeed, he has himself courted his
ruin, and his condition is sure to become worse and worse
every day. He cannot do better than to return to his fealty
to the British throne and apply to the British Government for
pardon. If he thinks that it is impossible for him to return
to England, he should pass the rest of his life in some country
which is on friendly terms with the British Government.

Circulation,
595 copies.

The *Oudh Punch* (Lucknow), of the 9th June, represents
The same. Russia as a griffin and Mahārāja Dalip
Singh as placing himself under its
wings. (The *Delhi Punch*, Lahore, of the 8th June, publishes
a picture in which English Military Officers are represented
as much frightened at the news of the Mahārāja's going
to Russia.)

Circulation,
450 copies.

Circulation,
500 copies.

The *A'stáb-i-Panjáb* (Lahore), of the 8th June, is surprised that Government has not yet taken any steps with a view to recovering Hospital Assistant Tafazul Husain from the Afridis who carried him away about four months ago. According to native ideas an indignity offered to a servant is equivalent to an indignity offered to the master. If Government does not, however, consider it worth while to send an expedition to punish the Afridis, at least it should get the Hospital Assistant released by paying the ransom demanded, which is only Rs. 100.

NATIVE STATES.

Circulation,
200 copies.

The *Subodh Sindhu* (Khandwá), of the 8th June, says that Mahárāja Holkar, Mahárāja Gaekwar, and some other princes have gone to England to attend Her Majesty's Jubilee. The Nizám has sent an agent to represent him on the occasion; while the Prime Minister of Gwalior has contributed Rs. 1,20,000 to the Imperial Institute in order to save young Sindhia the trouble and expense of a voyage to England. It is rumoured that Mahárāja Gaekwar's European trip will cost him about a crore of rupees. Native chiefs will be put to these heavy expenses on account of the Jubilee, but the *Sindhu* doubts whether they will receive in return anything beyond empty titles. It would have been better if instead of uselessly spending money on their European visit they had remitted one year's taxes to their subjects. The Government of India should have also shown the same indulgence to its subjects in honour of the 50th anniversary of Her Majesty's accession to the throne. But far from exhibiting any generosity to the people, it expects them to celebrate such happy occasions in a suitable way, even though they should have to sell their kitchen utensils in order to meet the expense.

Circulation,
165 copies.

The *Hindustán* (Ká'ákankar), in its issues of the 9th and 10th June, adverting to the journeys of native princes to England in order

The same.

to be present at the celebration of Her Majesty's Jubilee, says that their English visit will involve great expenditure to them, and advises them to benefit as much as possible by their European travel. They should look at the great progress of education in Europe, and on their return home should take effectual measures to encourage the spread of education in their states. They should win the good will and sympathy of some influential Englishmen who would hereafter be ready to ventilate their grievances in England, and lay them before Parliament. Above all they should build some houses at a convenient place in London where Hindu visitors to England may live in ease and comfort.

The *Hindustán* (Kálákankar), of the 7th June, says that Nawáb Sultán Nawáz Jang, against whom serious charges had been brought in connection with the riots which occurred at Haidarabad during the mubarram two years ago, was found guilty by the Commission, which was appointed to enquire into the matter, but that the Nizám has acquitted the Nawáb. The *Hindustán* does not approve of the action of the Nizám, saying that it smacks of partiality, and is an insult to the Commission. If he had no desire to punish the accused, he should not have appointed the Commission.

The *Márwár Gazette* (Jodhpur), of the 6th June, is glad to say that Mahárája Pratáp Singh, the Prime Minister of Jodhpur, takes great interest in education, and that the Department of Public Instruction in the State has made much progress in his time. Five boys of the Jodhpur High School appeared at the Entrance Examination this year, of whom four were successful.

Circulation,
130 copies.

The *Jaipur Gazette*, of the 8th June, is glad to say that the present management of the Jaipur College is good. This year the College sent five boys to the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, all of whom passed—one in the first

Circulation,
100 copies.

division and the others in the second. Two candidates competed in the First Arts Examination, of whom one was successful. Arrangements have been made for the boys of the College competing at the Anglo-Vernacular Middle Class Examination in the future, and inspectors have been appointed for the inspection and supervision of schools in the State outside the capital.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

Circulation,
850 copies.

The *Siráj-u-l-Akhbár* (Jhelam), of the 6th June, is glad to say that it appears from the *Afáb-i-Panjab* newspaper that the question of raising the Lahore Chief Court to the position of a High Court is at present engaging the attention of Government. This is as it should be. The Chief Court is quite unable to cope with the increase in work. An idea of the arrears of work in the court may be formed from the circumstance that suits filed at present will come on for hearing in 1889. Obviously nothing can be more unsatisfactory than such a great delay in the administration of justice. Though the Panjáb is below Bombay and the North-Western Provinces in population, it exceeds them in area. Moreover, it being a frontier province, an improvement in the administration of justice there is the more necessary. Under these circumstances the *Akhbár* hopes Government will soon raise the Chief Court to the footing of a High Court and increase the number of Judges.

Circulation,
400 copies.

The *Nyáya Sudhá* (Harda), of the 8th June, in an article giving an account of the number and salaries of the different classes of Government officials in the Central Provinces, complains that in the Forest Department all the higher posts are held by Europeans. The Conservator, the eight Deputy Conservators, and the eight Assistant Conservators of Forests are all Europeans: only the five Sub-Assistant Conservatorships have been bestowed on natives. The maintenance of such invidious distinctions of race is not very creditable to the British Government, which prides itself on its justice and impartiality.

Exclusion of natives from higher posts in the Forest Department in the Central Provinces.

The same paper gives a brief account of the case of Lachman Prasád, Abkári Contractor in the Mandla district, who was unjustly sentenced to two days' imprisonment by the Deputy Commissioner, and then subjected to great indignities by the police and jail officials, and publishes the final orders—strongly censuring the conduct of all the officers concerned—passed by the Government of India in the case. The *Sudhá* regrets to say that instances of such official high-handedness frequently occur in the Central Provinces, and asks Government always to punish guilty officers in order to check the evil.

Case of Lachman Prasád,
Abkári Contractor, Mandla,
Central Provinces.

man Prasád, Abkári Contractor in the
Mandla district, who was unjustly
sentenced to two days' imprisonment

The *Ázád* (Lucknow), of the 10th June, complains that Muhammadan religious endowments in these provinces are not generally managed properly by the trustees, and that the trustees, as a rule, consider the endowments as their own property, and expend the income as they please. The Local Government should appoint a committee to enquire into and report on all such endowments, and then it should make proper arrangements for their management.

Mismanagement of Mu-
hammadan religious endow-
ments in the North-West-
ern Provinces and Oudh.

Muhammadan religious endowments
in these provinces are not generally
managed properly by the trustees,
and that the trustees, as a rule, consi-

Circulation,
240 copies.

The *Hindustán* (Kálákankar), in its issues of the 5th and 7th June, quotes the remarks of Archdeacon Farrar about the increase of drunkenness in this country under British rule, and endeavours to show that the present Abkári system, which has placed liquor within easy reach of the people, is responsible for the evil.

Increase of drunkenness.

7th June, quotes the remarks of Arch-
deacon Farrar about the increase of

Circulation,
165 copies.

The *Panjáb Punch* (Lahore), of the 9th June, represents India as a cow being milked by a European, who is called the British Law.

India and the British
Government.

India as a cow being milked by a
European, who is called the British

Circulation,
80 copies.

The *Almora Akhbár*, of the 6th June, in an article communicated by Bachráam Pant, Postmaster at Bagesar, Kumaun, complains that in Kumaun lepers mingle freely with healthy

Lepers in Kumaun.

communicated by Bachráam Pant, Post-
master at Bagesar, Kumaun, com-

Circulation,
85 copies.

persons, and even bathe at the same places as the latter, and that consequently leprosy and other skin diseases are sure to spread in the district. The writer thinks that Government has before now issued orders to the effect that either lepers should be kept at out-of-the-way places by their guardians or they should be sent to leper asylums.

EDUCATION.

Circulation,
315 copies.

The *Delhi Punch* (Lahore), of the 8th June, complains that Mr. Larpent, Registrar of the Panjáb University. Lahore University, has brought the institution, which is a good monument of the generosity of the Panjáb nobility, into great disrepute by his misbehaviour. May God punish him. His management of the University Examinations in 1886 is well known. This year large amounts of money appear to have been paid and received as bribes in connection with the examinations. Serious charges were brought against Mr. Larpent by candidates before the Committee appointed to enquire into the examination frauds. He was unable to give a satisfactory explanation and tendered his resignation. The Committee did not accept his resignation and asked him to answer the charges. The unjust partiality shown to him by the *Civil and Military Gazette* and Mr. Rattigan cannot be too deeply regretted. The *Punch* is of opinion that if Mr. Larpent is unable to answer the charges, he should be criminally prosecuted. The examinations should be held again, and Mr. Larpent should be required to pay damages to the candidates.

Circulation,
500 copies.

The *Aftáb-i-Panjáb* (Lahore), of the 10th June, says that the Committee appointed to enquire into the examination frauds in the Panjáb has come to the conclusion that there is reason to think that Mr. Larpent supplied copies of questions to candidates for the legal examination on their giving him bribes, and has recommended his suspension. Hearing of the Committee's recommendation he tendered his resignation. In accordance with Mr. Rattigan's suggestion the Committee decided to

lay its report and Mr. Larpent's resignation both at once before the Senate. It is beyond doubt that Mr. Larpent's connection with the University will soon cease. It remains to be seen, however, whether he will be dismissed or whether he will be allowed to resign. The Senate must now be greatly regretting the loss of the services of Dr. Leitner. There could hardly be a greater friend and well-wisher of the University than he. The *Aftab* suggests that the Senate should again offer the Registrarship to him, and says that he would soon be able to restore the University to its former good fame.

The *Najm-ul-Akbar* (Etawah), of the 4th June, says Musalmáns and the Entrance Examination. that this year 3,317 candidates succeeded in passing the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, of whom 241 were Musalmáns. Though the number of the Muhammadan boys was still very small, it was much greater than before, and shows an increasing desire for education among the Muhammadan community. Musalmáns should not, however, be content to give instruction to their boys up to the middle class or the Entrance standard, but should give them high education.

Circulation,
180 copies.

LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

The *Koh-i-Nár* (Lahore), of the 7th June, states, on the authority of a correspondent who paid a visit to Hardwar at the time of the late Dasahra fair, that the gathering was unusually large this year, and enjoyed complete immunity from sickness. A great Hindu religious congress assembled at Kankhal on the occasion, in which learned Brahmins and respectable Hindús from distant parts of the country took part. Colonel Olcott attended the congress, which held its meetings from the 29th May to 1st June, and discussed important questions connected with the promotion of the orthodox Hindu religion and the welfare of the Hindu community. Among other things it was resolved to encourage religious instruction among Hindu boys.

Circulation,
450 copies.

and stimulate loyalty among the Hindu community to the British Government. On the 3rd June a large meeting was held at Brahma Kund, where the rites of worship of the Ganges were first performed, and then prayers were offered for Her Majesty's long life and prosperity, and a Sanskrit address congratulating the Empress on her Jubilee was handed to the District Magistrate, who was present on the occasion, for transmission to her. As the address will not reach England on the Jubilee day, a congratulatory telegram was sent to Her Majesty in anticipation. Moreover, the congress resolved to provide the Brahma Kund pond with marble steps and an embankment of ordinary stone at a cost of two lakhs, which will be raised by public subscription, in honour of the Jubilee.

Circulation,
100 copies.

The *Anjuman-i-Panjáb* (Lahore), of the 5th June, is glad to say that an association has been formed at Batála, Gurdáspur, with a view to reducing the extravagant expenses incurred by natives on occasions of marriages and deaths in their families. Munshi Sher Singh, Munsif, the secretary of the association, has issued a report containing an account of the proceedings of that body. It would seem that a large meeting, attended by the Ját sardárs and chaudh-
ris of Ludhiána, Jallandar, Firozpur, Amritsar, Hoshiarpur, Siáikot, and Gurdáspur, was held at Batála on the 28th March last—Mr. Perkins, retired Commissioner, presiding. Colonel Gordon Young, Commissioner of Jallandar, and Mr. Dane, Deputy Commissioner of Gurdáspur, were also present; Mr. Coldstream, Commissioner of Lahore, was unavoidably absent owing to illness, but sent Rs. 25 as a donation to the fund of the association. Mr. Perkins and Colonel Gordon Young addressed the meeting urging a reduction in the marriage and funeral expenses. A schedule fixing the expenses on a reduced scale was adopted by the meeting, and immediately signed by a large number of people who favoured its adoption. The schedule is published *in extenso* by the *Anjuman-i-Panjáb*.

The *Sháhna-i-Hind* (Meerut), of the 8th June, in a supplement lithographed in golden letters on marble paper, gives an account of the feasts and festivities held at Meerut on the occasion of the opening and consecration of the temple, which Lála Rámsaran Dás has built near the railway station there for the convenience of Hindús. On the 28th May, the Lála fed no less than seventy or eighty thousand persons.

Circulation,
180 copies.

The *Ázád* (Lucknow), of the 10th June, is surprised that the Municipal Committee of Lucknow has not yet obtained any fire-engines.

Circulation,
240 copies.

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS EXAMINED.

No.	NAME.	LOCALITY.	LANGUAGE.	MONTHLY, WEEKLY OR OTHERWISE.	NAME OF PUBLISHER.	DATE OF PAPER.	DATE OF RECEIPT.	CIRCULATION.
						1887.	1887.	
1	<i>Adab-i-Alam</i>	... Morádábád ...	Urdú	Weekly	Muhammad H á d í June 7th Husain.	...	June 12th	140 copies.
2	<i>Aftab-i-Hind</i>	... Jullundur ...	"	"	Barkat Ali	11th	"	350
3	<i>Aftab-i-Panjáb</i>	... Láhore ...	"	Tri-weekly	Diván Bútá Singh ...	6th 8th, & 10th.	" 9th, 11th & 13th.	520
4	<i>Ágrá Akhbar</i>	... Ágrá ...	"	Weekly	Tajammul-Husain ...	7th	"	200
5	<i>Ain-ul-Akhbar</i>	... Morádábád ...	"	"	Diláwar Ali	May 24th	"	90
6	<i>Akhbar-i-Akhbar</i>	... Delhi ...	"	"	Muhammad Din	June 8th	"	63
7	<i>Akhbar-i-Alam</i>	... Meerut ...	"	"	Mugarrab Husain Khan.	7th	"	"
8	<i>Akhbar-i-Am</i>	... Láhore ...	"	Tri-weekly	Mukund Rám	April 28th & May 26th & June 5th, 7th, & 11th.	16th & 12th, 3,000	"
9	<i>Akhbar-i-Chunár</i>	... Chunár ...	"	Weekly	Rajah Ali	June 7th	9th	215
10	<i>Akhtar-i-Oudh</i>	... Lucknow ...	"	"	Sajjád Husain	"	10th	"
11	<i>Almalu-l-Akhbar</i>	... Delhi ...	"	"	Fakhru-d-din	" 8th	11th	84
12	<i>Alam-i-Tasarruf</i>	... Cawnpore ...	"	"	Rahmat-ullah	" 10th	13th	200
13	<i>Aligarh Institute Gazette.</i>	... Aligarh ...	Urdú-English,	Bi-weekly	Guláb Rái	April 7th & 12th & June 11th.	9th & 13th ...	500 copies (in- cluding 280 copies taken by Govern- ment).
14	<i>Almorá Akhbar</i>	... Almora ...	Hindí	Weekly	Sadá Nand	June 6th	" 8th	85 copies.

15	Amjadul-Akbar	... Badāun	...	...	...	...	Alf Amjad Husain ...	May 28th	...	10th	...	200	"
16	Anjuman-i-Hind	... Lucknow	...	...	...	...	Chandan Lal	June 4th	...	9th	...	150	"
17	Anjuman-i-Panjāb	... Lahore	...	...	...	...	Amir Shāh	" 5th	...	7th	...	100	"
18	Kud	... Lucknow	...	...	...	...	Ahmad Ali	" 10th	...	11th	...	240	"
19	Bharat Jwan	... Benares	...	...	...	Hindī	Rām Kiran Varmā,	" 6th	...	8th	...	2,000	"
20	Dablab-i-Qaisarī	... Bareilly	...	...	...	Urdū	Thākur Prasad	" 4th	...	"	...	260	"
21	Dablab-i-Sikandarī	... Rampur	...	...	...	"	Muhammad Hussain,	" 6th	...	"	...	425	"
22	Danish-i-Hind	... Multān	...	...	...	"	Rāj Nāth	" 1st	...	"	...	120	"
23	Delhi Punch	... Lahore	...	...	...	"	Fazlu-l-dīn	" 8th	...	"	...	315	"
24	Dharm Jwan	...	...	...	...	"	Brahma Dās	" 5th	...	11th	...	300	"
25	Ghoshkhudr-i-Hind	...	...	...	...	"	Maharāj Kishun	" 4th	...	7th	...	425	"
26	Gurukul Akbar	... Amritsar	...	...	...	Gurmukhī	Lahnā Singh	" 1st	...	8th	...	265	"
27	Hams-i-Hind	... Allāhābād	...	...	...	Urdū	Sadarul-dīn	" 5th & 12th,	...	"	...	400	"
28	Hindustān	... Kālakānkar	...	...	...	Hindī	Rājā Rāmpal Singh,	" 7th to 12th,	...	"	...	165	"
29	Jain Prakash	... Farrukhnagar	...	...	...	"	Jiyā Lal	For June	...	12th	...	174	"
30	Jatpur Gazette	... Jaipur	...	...	...	Hindī-Urdū	Mahabir Prasad	June 4th & 8th	...	8th & 11th,	...	100	"
31	Jam-i-Jamshed	... Morādābād	...	...	...	Urdū	Jamshed Ali	" 5th	...	11th	...	150	"
32	Jiyi Lal Prakash	... Farrukhnagar	...	...	...	Hindī	Jiyā Lal	For June	...	12th	...	310	"
33	Jubilee Paper	... Lucknow	...	...	...	Urdū	Sayid Hasan Jāfar,	April 16th	...	7th	...	300	"
34	Kanya Kaly Prakash,	...	...	...	...	Hindī	Balbhadrā Misra	For May	...	13th	...	250	"
35	Karnamah	...	...	...	...	Urdū	Muhammad Yāqūb...	June 6th	...	8th	...	501 copies (in-	"
36	Keshi Patrika	... Benares	...	...	...	Hindī-Urdū	Lakshmi Shankar	" 10th	...	11th	...	cluding 343	"
							Misra, M.A.					copies taken	"
												by Govern-	"
												ment).	"
37	Kayasth Samachar	... Allāhābād	...	...	...	Urdū	Mahadeva Prasad	For June	...	13th	...	225 copies.	"
38	Khair Khwah-i-Kash-	... Lahore	...	...	...	"	Sālig Rām	June 9th	...	12th	...	400	"
39	Khatir Hikari	... Agrā	...	...	...	"			...	11th	...		"
40	Khushaid-i-Afaq	... Pilibhit	...	...	...	"	Nihāl Chand	For June	...	10th	...	200	"
41	Koh-i-Nar	... Lahore	...	...	...	"	Mazhar Ahsan Khān,	June 7th	...	10th	...	450	"
42	Lahore Gazette	...	...	...	...	"	Harsukh Rāi,	" 7th & 9th	...	10th & 11th,	...	100	"
43	Lamata-l-Akhlag	... Bareilly	...	...	...	"	Dīdār Bakhsh	" 4th & 11th	...	8th & 13th,	...	225	"
							Imdad Hussain	" 8th	...	9th	...		"

List of newspapers examined—(continued).

No.	NAME.	LOCALITY.	LANGUAGE.	MONTHLY, WEEKLY OR OTHERWISE.	NAME OF PUBLISHER.	DATE OF PAPER.	DATE OF RECEIPT.	CIRCULATION.
44	Lytton Gazette	Delhi	Urdú	Bi-monthly	Buláqí Dás	June 8th	1887.	450 copies.
45	Maroed Gazette	Jodhpur	Hindí-Urdú	Weekly	Gobardhan Dás	" 6th	"	180
46	Mashr-i-Qaiear	Lucknow	Urdú	"	Ghulam Muhammad,	" 7th	"	200
47	Mata-i-Nar	Cawnpore	"	"	Durgé Prasad	" 4th	"	47
48	Mauj-i-Narbuddá	Hoshangabad,	"	"	Abdu-l-Karim	" 7th	"	300
49	Mauj-i-Zarfat	"	"	"	Ditto	"	"	"
50	Masly lá Pútlá	Rampur	"	"	Muhammad Basá	" 2nd	"	150
51	Mahr-i-Nimroz	Bijnor	"	"	Karimu-l-lah	" 7th	"	250
52	Mitra Vilás	Lahore	Hindí	"	Mukund Ram	" 6th	"	400
53	Mulki Shuhda	"	Urdú	"	Fazlu-l-din	"	"	1,725
54	Nayyar-i-Asam	Morádábád	"	"	Amjad Ali	"	"	180
55	Najmu-l-Akhdar	Etawah	"	Bi-weekly	Ruhu-l-lah Khan	" 4th & 8th	" 7th & 12th,	180
56	Najmu-l-Hind	Morádábád	"	Weekly	Avtar Krishn	May 31st	" 10th	250
57	Nasim-i-Agra	Agrá	"	"	Jamná Dás	June 7th	" 9th	385
58	Nasim-i-Hind	Fatehpur	"	"	Shiva Narayan	June 8th	" 11th	"
59	Nasim-i-Jaunpur	Jaunpur	"	"	Muhammad Isháq	" 7th	"	50
60	Nasim-i-Sahar	Badaun	"	"	Imtiás Ahmad	" 4th	" 8th	175
61	Nizamu-l-Mulk	Morádábád	"	"	Fahimu-l-din	" 9th	" 12th	100
62	Nar Afshan	Ludhiána	"	"	Rev. C. B. Newton	"	" 11th	680
63	Naru-l-Anwar	Cawnpore	"	"	Abdu-l-Hamid	" 4th	" 7th	308
64	Nusratu-l-Sunnat	Benares	"	Monthly	Muhammad Said	For December, '86,	"	160
65	Nyaya Sudha	Hardá	M a r á t h i - English.	Weekly	Basudeva Bhaskar	June 8th	" 9th	400

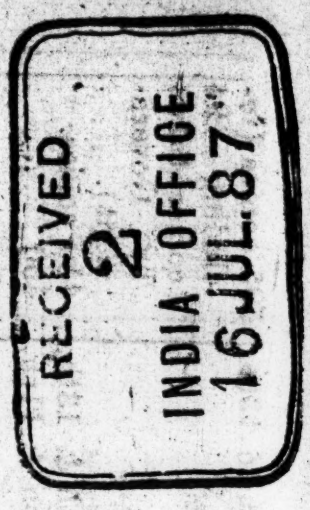
66	Oudh Akhbar	Lucknow	Urdú	Daily	Sheo Prasád	7th to 13th...	7th to 13th,	595 copies (in- cluding 94 copies taken by Govern- ment).
67	Oudh Punch	..	..	Weekly	..	..	8th & 13th,	450 copies.
68	Panjabi Akhbar	..	..	Bi-weekly	Sajjád Husain	May	7th & 11th,	450 "
69	Panjabi Punch	..	..	Weekly	Shamsu-l-din	June 9th	12th	80
70	Pate Khán	..	..	..	Abdu-l-Rahmán	8th	11th	400
71	Patiála Akhbar	..	..	..	Din Muhammad	7th	9th	365
72	Prayag Samachar	..	..	..	Dewaki Nandan	11th	13th	550
73	Qaisari	..	..	..	Ahmad Bakhsh	..	..	125
74	Qaisar-i-Hind	..	..	..	Rafu-l-din	4th	8th	175
75	Rafiq-i-Hind	..	..	..	Muharram Ali	..	..	400
76	Rafu-l-Akbar	..	..	..	Ghulam Husain	6th	..	200
77	Rahbar-i-Hind	..	..	Tri-weekly	Nadir Ali	7th, 9th, & 11th.	9th, 11th & 13th.	405
78	Reipetand Gazette	..	Urdú, Hindf...	Weekly	Murád Ali	6th	9th	381
79	Rain Prakash	..	Urdú	..	Muhammad Abdu-l- Haq.	2nd	13th	150
80	Reformer	..	..	..	Shamsu-l-din	4th	8th	480
81	Kohikhand Punch	..	..	..	Jamshed Ali	5th	11th	150
82	Rosnah	..	..	Bi-weekly	Tegh Bahádur	6th & 9th	7th & 10th	113
83	Sadiqu-l-Akbar	..	..	Weekly	Dwarka Nath	9th	12th	250
84	Safir-i-Am	..	..	..	Abdu-l-Wahid	1st & 8th,	..	220
85	Sakfa-i-Quds	..	..	..	Muhammad 'Abdu l- Quds.	9th	13th	310
86	Sajjan Kirti Sudha- kar.	..	Hindí	..	Banshi Dhar	6th	10th	160
87	Sarosh-i-Benares	..	..	..	Wali Muhammad	8th	13th	350
88	Shahjahanabad Punch,	..	Urdú	..	Mir Hasan	4th	9th	250
89	Shahna-i-Hind	..	..	..	Ahmad Hasan	8th	10th	190
90	Shula-i-Tar	..	..	..	Jamná Prasád	7th	9th	95

List of newspapers examined—(concluded).

No.	NAME.	LOCALITY.	LANGUAGE.	MONTHLY, WEEKLY OR OTHERWISE.	NAME OF PUBLISHER.	DATE OF PAPER.	DATE OF RECEIPT.	CIRCULATION.
91	Sikāya-i-Akhdar	... Jhelam	Urdu	Weekly	Faqir Muhammad	June 6th	June 9th	350 copies.
92	Subodh Sindhu	... Khandwa	Marāthī-Hindi	"	Lakshman Anant	" 8th	" 10th	200 "
93	Buhail	... Benares	Urdu	"	Sharafu-din	" 2nd	" 8th	200 "
94	Sardar-i-Qaisari	... Rampur	"	"	Muhammed Rasā	" "	" 7th	137 "
95	Namannandi	... Lucknow	"	"	Purān Chand	" 8th	" 11th	125 "
96	Tāsiya-i-Hind	... Meerut	"	"	Sajjād Hussain	" "	" 8th	298 "
97	Panā-i-Hind	... Siālkot	"	"	Mirā Mawāhid	April 10th & June 5th.	" 7th & 10th.	200 "
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ALLAHABAD; }
The 18th June, 1887.

PRIYÁ DAS, M.A.,
Govt. Reporter on the Vernacular Press of Upper India.



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